

GENIUS METALS INC.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Three-month and six-month periods ended January 31, 2020 (Second Quarter)

This management discussion and analysis ("MD&A") of Genius Metals Inc., ("Genius Metals" or "GENI" or the "Company") follows rule 51-102 of the Canadian Securities Administrators regarding continuous disclosure.

The following MD&A is a narrative explanation, through the eyes of the management of Genius Metals, on how the Company performed during the three-month and six-month periods ended January 31, 2020. It includes a review of the Company's financial condition and a review of operations for the three-month period and six-month periods ended January 31, 2020 as compared to the three-month and six-month periods ended January 31, 2019.

This MD&A complements the condensed interim financial statements for the three-month and six-month periods ended January 31, 2020 but does not form part of them. It is intended to help the reader understand and assess the significant trends, risks and uncertainties related to the results of operations and it should be read in conjunction with the condensed interim financial statements as at January 31, 2020 and related notes thereto as well as the audited financial statements, accompanying notes and Management's Discussion and Analysis for the year ended July 31, 2019.

The condensed interim financial statements for the three-month and six-month periods ended January 31, 2020 and 2019 have been prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") applicable to the preparation of condensed interim financial statements. The accounting policies applied in the financial statements are based on IFRS issued and effective as at January 31, 2020. On March 27, 2020, the Board of Directors approved, for issuance, the audited annual financial statements.

All figures are in Canadian dollars unless otherwise stated. Additional information relating to the Company can be found on SEDAR at www.sedar.com. The shares of Genius Metals are listed on the Canadian Securities Exchange ("CSE") under the symbol "GENI".

REPORT'S DATE

The MD&A was prepared with the information available as at March 27, 2020.

CAUTION REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

This MD&A contains forward-looking statements that are based on the Company's expectations, estimates and projections regarding its business, the mining industry in general and the economic environment in which it operates as of the date of the MD&A. To the extent that any statements in this document contain information that is not historical, the statements are essentially forward-looking and are often identified by words such as "anticipate", "expect", "estimate", "intend", "project", "plan" and "believe". In the interest of providing shareholders and potential investors with information regarding Genius Properties, including management's assessment of future plans and operations, certain statements in this MD&A are forwardlooking and are subject to the risks, uncertainties and other important factors that could cause the Company's actual performance to differ materially from that expressed in or implied by such statements. Such factors include, but are not limited to: volatility and sensitivity to market metal prices, impact of change in foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates, imprecision in reserve estimates, environmental risks including increased regulatory burdens, unexpected geological conditions, adverse mining conditions, changes in government regulations and policies, including laws and policies; and failure to obtain necessary permits and approvals from government authorities, and other development and operating risks. The preliminary assessments contained in the Technical Report referred to in this MD&A, and the estimates contained therein to date are preliminary in nature and are based on a number of assumptions, any one of which, if incorrect, could materially change the projected outcome.

Although the Company believes that the expectations conveyed by the forward-looking statements are based upon information available on the date that such statements were made, there can be no assurance that such expectations will prove to be correct. The reader is cautioned not to rely on these forward-looking statements. The Company disclaims any obligation to update these forward-looking statements unless required to do so by applicable Securities laws. All subsequent forward-looking statements, whether written or orally

attributable to the Company or persons acting on its behalf, are expressly qualified in their entirety by these cautionary statements.

NATURE OF ACTIVITIES

The Company was incorporated on May 25, 2018 under the *Canada Business Corporations Act.*, in conjuncture to the Acquisition by the Company of substantially all of the assets and liabilities including all of its Canadian mining properties of Cerro de Pasco Inc. (formerly Genius Properties Ltd.) by way of a spin-off. The Company's shares are listed on the Canadian Stock Exchange ("CSE") under the symbol GENI. The Company head office is 203-22 Lafleur Ave N., Saint-Sauveur, Québec JOR 1R0.

The Company, an exploration an evaluation stage company, is in the business of acquiring and exploring mineral properties in Canada. Its focus is currently on the exploration and evaluation of its mineral properties in Québec and Nova Scotia.

BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT HIGHLIGHTS

Debt Settlement

On November 15, 2019, the Corporation has agreed with a creditor to convert a total of \$179,684 in debt at a price of C\$0.25 per Share (the "Conversion"). These shares will be subject to a four-month hold period from the date of closing.

Private Placement

On November 22, 2019, the Company concluded the first tranche of a non-brokered private placement offering for gross proceeds to the Company of \$560,500.

Under the first tranche of the Private Placement, the Company issued and sold:

- 1,365,000 common share units at a price of \$0.20 per unit, with each such unit being comprised of one share and one common share purchase warrant of the Company entitling the holder thereof to purchase one Company Share at an exercise price of \$0.30 until May 22, 2021; and
- 1,150,000 Flow-Through Share Units at a price of \$0.25 per unit, with each such unit being comprised of one "flow-through" Common Share and one-half of one common share purchase warrant of the Company entitling the holder of one whole warrant to purchase one Common Share at an exercise price of \$0.30 until May 22, 2021.

On December 30 and 31, 2019, the Company concluded the second tranche of a non-brokered private placement offering for gross proceeds to the Company of \$215,000.

Under the second tranche of the Private Placement, the Company issued and sold:

- 500,000 Flow-Through Share Units at a price of \$0.25 per unit, with each such unit being comprised of one "flow-through" Common Share and one-half of one common share purchase warrant of the Company entitling the holder of one whole warrant to purchase one Common Share at an exercise price of \$0.30 until June 30, 2021; and
- 360,000 Flow-Through Share Units at a price of \$0.25 per unit, with each such unit being comprised
 of one "flow-through" Common Share and one-half of one common share purchase warrant of the
 Company entitling the holder of one whole warrant to purchase one Common Share at an exercise
 price of \$0.30 until July 1st, 2021.

Optioning Meaghers Property

On December 4, 2019, the Company has entered into an option agreement with MegumaGold Corp. ("MGC"), whereby MGC may earn a 70% interest in the Meaghers Property. Under the terms of the

agreement the MGC may earn up to a 70% interest in 6 Genius Metals mineral exploration licences totalling 100 claims (1,620 Hectares) by satisfying the following conditions:

- MGC shall issue to Genius Metals on or before December 18, 2019, 250,000 common shares ("NSAU:CNX").; and
- To earn the initial 49.9% interest, MGC shall, on or before June 4, 2021, incur initial exploration expenses made up of ground surveys to pre-drilling targeting work, totalling at least \$100,000;
- To earn an additional 20.1% interest, MGC shall, within 12 months from the latest date of which MGC satisfies its 49.9% first initial earn, incur, a diamond drilling program on the Property, totalling at least \$150,000; and
- Upon MGC fully exercising the option in its entirety to earn 70% of the Meaghers Property, Genius Metals shall have the option to convert its remaining 30% interest into a 2% net smelter royalty ("NSR"), resulting in MGC owning a 100% interest, and Genius Metals owning a 2% NSR on the Meaghers Property. MGC will have an option to acquire 50% of the 2% NSR for \$1.0 million, leaving Genius Metals with a 1.0% NSR.

BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

- On February 28, 2020, the Company decided to terminate the Letter of intent on the potential acquisition
 of Nictaux property. During the next quarter, the Company will record a writedown of \$12,424 of its
 mining properties portfolio.
- Subsequent to the period end, the COVID-19 pandemic is causing significant financial market and social
 dislocation. The situation is dynamic with various cities and countries around the world responding in
 different ways to address the outbreak. The Company continues to monitor the financial markets, its
 ability to finance itself and assess the impact COVID-19 will have on its business activities. The extent of
 the effect of the COVID-19 pandemic on the Company is uncertain.

CORPORATE OBJECTIVES FOR 2020:

- The Company intends to focus its exploration work on the Sakami and on the A-Lake properties in 2020.
- On Sakami, the Company intends to launch an extensive exploration program which includes mapping, geophysics and drilling. The drilling program is set to begin around Q4-2020 and at least 1,000m of exploratory drilling is planned on the most promising targets.
- The Company plans to complete a prospecting campaign on it's A-Lake property based on the VTEM survey results carried out on Q4-2019. The VTEM survey revealed: a) Magnetic signatures defining different units and contacts in the Mount Douglas Granite (MGD) and probably the presence of a NS-oriented structure (fault?), b) high and anomalous Th, U, K concentrations associated with highly differentiated and commonly mineralized granitic units of the MGD, c) and/or from a silt-rich till cover rich in U, Th and REE-bearing minerals related to a NW-SE glacial dispersion.
- A prospecting campaign which includes an IP geophysical survey, a geochemical till survey and rock sampling/assaying was designed to further investigate the property. A \$50,000 budget is allocated for this campaign which should begin at the end of Q3/beginning of Q4 2020.

EXPLORATION HIGHLIGHTS

 During the first week of December 2019, the Company launched a 1,000m drilling campaign on its Iserhoff property based on the best chargeability targets provided by our recent geophysics survey and on the historical drilling results from O'Brien Gold Mines (1955) showing five short DDHs extending for 3.5 km along strike and yielding anomalous gold values at shallow depth (ex: 1.40 g/t @ 8.3 m, 1.24 g/t

- @ 14.5 m and 1.24 g/t @ 5.9 m) with locally, some associated silver, lead and zinc content. The Company chose to put the drilling campaign on hold in mid-January after having completed 600m out of the planned 1,000m after being unable to replicate the historical gold values. The Company will re-assess the project over the course of 2020.
- During Q2-2020, the Company completed a 800 linear kilometers helicopter-born MAG-TDEM survey on the northern block of the Sakami Property. The survey, contracted to Prospectair at a total cost of 100,539\$, detected new magnetic and conductive anomalies. Based on the preliminary results, Genius Metals staked an additional 14 claims to extend the Sakami property.

EXPLORATION SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

There were no exploration subsequent events during Q3-2020.

EXPLORATION ACTIVITIES FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED JANUARY 31, 2020

During the three-month period ended January 31, 2020, the Company invested \$239,557 in exploration and evaluation assets of which the main investments were spent on Iserhoff and Sakami property.

GENIUS METALS INC.
Exploration and evaluation assets
For the three-month period ended January 31, 2020

	Dissimieux Lake QC	Sakami QC	Robelin QC	KM381 QC	Iserhoff QC	Mt Cameron NS	Blockhouse NS	Kemptville NS	Chocolate Lake NS	Leipsigate NS	Dares Lake NS	Gold River NS	Meaghers NS	Nictaux NS Option	A Lake NB	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$			\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Exploration and evaluation asset	s															
Geophysical	-	89,410	-	-	1,310	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(18,000)	72,720
Geology	375	2,415	-	-	2,399	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,292	8,481
Prospecting	-	397	-	-	399	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	796
Drilling	-	-	-	-	164,046	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	164,046
Disposition	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(6,486)	-	-	(6,486)
	375	92,222	-	-	168,154	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(6,486)	-	(14,708)	239,557
Mining properties:																
Acquisition	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mining rights	-	2,364	-	-	2,248	-	(484)	(2,420)	-	-	-	(242)	-	-	-	1,466
Disposition	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(14,765)	-	-	(14,765)
	-	2,364	-	-	2,248	-	(484)	(2,420)	-	-	-	(242)	(14,765)	-	-	(13,299)
Balance, beginning of period	339,910	883,486	-	2,696	283,673	303,285	74,955	13,873	8,229	-	-	2,358	39,775	12,424	156,485	2,121,149
Balance, end of period	340,285	978,072	-	2,696	454,075	303,285	74,471	11,453	8,229	-	-	2,116	18,524	12,424	141,777	2,347,407

GENIUS METALS INC.
Exploration and evaluation assets
For the three-month period ended January 31, 2019

	Dissimieux Lake QC	Sakami QC	Robelin QC	KM381 QC	Iserhoff QC	Mt Cameron NS	Blockhouse NS	Kemptville NS	Chocolate Lake NS	Leipsigate NS	Dares Lake NS	Gold River NS	Meaghers NS	Nictaux NS Option	A Lake NB	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Exploration and evaluation assets																
Drilling	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,494	-	-	1,494
Stripping	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	2,730	2,730
Geophysical	-	42,431	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		42,431
Geology	375	1,799	-	-	900	-	-	1,372	700		-	-	1,188	-	150	6,484
Geochemistry	-	801	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	801
Prospecting	-	5,349	-	-	66,258	-	-	800	-		-	-	-	-	1,577	73,984
-	375	50,380	-	-	67,158	-	-	2,172	700	-	-	-	2,682	-	4,457	127,924
Mining properties:																
Acquisition	-	-	-	-	120,000	21,655	-	-	-		-	-	-	12,862	36,737	191,254
Mining rights	-	(279)	-	-	1,410	-	40	120	480	-	-	20	140	-	3,540	5,471
Asset Transfer Agreement	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	
	-	(279)	-	-	121,410	21,655	40	120	480	-	-	20	140	12,862	40,277	196,725
Balance, beginning of period	482,562	1,468,492	1,337,541	3,845	1,440	397,912	153,760	16,367	10,053	9,858	52,112	2,398	41,735	750	750	3,979,575
Balance, end of period	482,937	1,518,593	1,337,541	3,845	190,008	419,567	153,800	18,659	11,233	9,858	52,112	2,418	44,557	13,612	45,484	4,304,224

Sakami Property

On December 15, 2019 (Q2-2020), the Company completed a 800 linear kilometers helicopter-born MAG-TDEM survey on the northern block of the Sakami Property. The survey detected new magnetic and conductive anomalies. The survey was completed at a total cost of 100,539\$. Following the preliminary results of the survey, Genius Metals staked an additional 14 claims to extend the Sakami property.

Iserhoff Property

On December 5, 2019 (Q2-2020), the Company initiated a 1,000m drilling campaign on the Iserhoff property. The 1,000m drilling contract was given to Roby Drilling in Val d'or. A crew composed of 2 camp managers, 1 geologist, 4 drillers and 1 foreman was mobilised on site. The drilling work was performed on a 24h/day 7 days/week schedule. The drill core was logged on site was later sent to Val d'Or for cutting and gold assaying.

A-Lake Property

During Q2-2020. Thirteen Cu and Zn-mineralized granitic samples collected from the granophile-mineralized Mount Douglas Granite (MDG) were reanalyzed by the peroxide fusion method and showed Sn concentrations 10 to 100 X higher than previously obtained by the 4-acids method. The average concentration now reaches $0.30\pm0.44~\rm SnO_2$ %, with high values of 0.95, $0.92~\rm and >1.27~\rm SnO_2$ % respectively. The entirety of the collected samples from A- Lake will thus be reanalyzed by the peroxide fusion method. Comparison with the major and trace element concentrations of fresh granites and mineralized/altered samples have shown considerable K, Na and Si depletion in altered quartz vein deficient samples. Consequently, the chemical composition of the MGD rocks especially the K/Th and Na/Th ratios are viewed as pathfinder elements of the mineralization. Genius will carry out further field work to find the source of the mineralized float material guided by the mapping of the A-Lake area (Billiton 1983) that discovered several un-sampled greisen veins on mountain tops. A NS-oriented fault or contact expressed by a strong magnetic contrast could be related to the granophile mineralization.

EXPLORATION ACTIVITIES FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIOD ENDED JANUARY 31, 2020

During the six-month period ended January 31, 2020, the Company invested \$336,617 in exploration and evaluation assets of which the main investments were spent on Iserhoff and Sakami property.

GENIUS METALS INC.
Exploration and evaluation assets
For the six-month period ended January 31, 2020

	Dissimieux Lake QC	Sakami QC	Robelin QC	KM381 QC	Iserhoff QC	Mt Cameron NS	Blockhouse NS	Kemptville NS	Chocolate Lake NS	Leipsigate NS	Dares Lake NS	Gold River NS	Meaghers NS	Nictaux NS Option	A Lake NB	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$			\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Exploration and evaluation asse	ts															
Geophysical	-	91,410	-	-	2,310	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(11,947)	81,773
Geology	750	11,883	-	-	4,302	-	-	-	-	-	-	231	-	-	6,142	23,308
Prospecting	-	42,068	-	-	15,423	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,794	72,285
Drilling	-	-	-	-	165,737	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	165,737
Disposition	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(6,486)	-	-	(6,486)
	750	145,361	-	-	187,772	-	-	-	-	-	-	231	(6,486)		8,989	336,617
Mining properties:																
Acquisition	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mining rights	-	22,828	-	-	2,748	2,674	(149)	(2,420)	-	-	-	(216)	25,095	-	-	50,560
Disposition	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(14,765)	-	-	(14,765)
	-	22,828	-	-	2,748	2,674	(149)	(2,420)	-	-	-	(216)	10,330	-	-	35,795
Balance, beginning of period	339,535	809,883	-	2,696	263,555	300,611	74,620	13,873	8,229	-	-	2,101	14,680	12,424	132,788	1,974,995
Balance, end of period	340,285	978,072	-	2,696	454,075	303,285	74,471	11,453	8,229	-	-	2,116	18,524	12,424	141,777	2,347,407

GENIUS METALS INC.
Exploration and evaluation assets
For the six-month period ended January 31, 2019

	Dissimieux Lake QC	Sakami QC	Robelin QC	KM381 QC	Iserhoff QC	Mt Cameron NS	Blockhouse NS	Kemptville NS	Chocolate Lake NS	Leipsigate NS	Dares Lake NS	Gold River NS	Meaghers NS	Nictaux NS Option	A Lake NB	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Exploration and evaluation assets	3															
Drilling	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,494	-	-	1,494
Stripping	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	2,730	2,730
Geophysical	-	66,576	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	66,576
Geology	500	1,799	-	-	900	-	-	1,372	700		-	-	1,188	-	150	6,609
Geochemistry	-	801	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	801
Prospecting	-	37,753	-	-	66,258	-	-	800	-		-	-	547	-	1,577	106,935
General field expenses	-	3,613	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,613
Asset Transfer Agreement	17,384	171,698	31,174	-	-	51,470	101,101	4,879	-	2,336	3,965	-	32,729	-	-	416,736
	17,884	282,240	31,174	-	67,158	51,470	101,101	7,051	700	2,336	3,965	-	35,958	-	4,457	605,494
Mining properties:																188,758
Acquisition	-	-	-	-	121,440	23,702	-	-			-	-	-	13,612	37,487	196,241
Mining rights	-	(279)	-	-	1,410	1,440	40	120	480		-	20	140	-	3,540	6,911
Asset Transfer Agreement	465,053	1,236,632	1,306,367	3,845	-	342,955	52,659	11,488	10,053	7,522	48,147	2,398	8,459	-	-	3,495,578
-	465,053	1,236,353	1,306,367	3,845	122,850	368,097	52,699	11,608	10,533	7,522	48,147	2,418	8,599	13,612	41,027	3,698,730
Balance, beginning of period	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance, end of period	482,937	1,518,593	1,337,541	3,845	190,008	419,567	153,800	18,659	11,233	9,858	52,112	2,418	44,557	13,612	45,484	4,304,224

Iserhoff Property

During Q1-2020 a team composed of a geologist and three prospectors devoted a week to explore the property and a total of 16 grab rock samples were sent for gold assaying in Val d'Or.

On December 5, 2019 (Q2-2020), the Company initiated a 1,000m drilling campaign on the Iserhoff property. The 1,000m drilling contract was given to Roby Drilling in Val d'or. A crew composed of 2 camp managers, 1 geologist, 4 drillers and 1 foreman was mobilised on site. The drilling work was performed on a 24h/day 7 days/week schedule. The drill core was logged on site was later sent to Val d'Or for cutting and gold assaying.

A-Lake Property

During Q1-2020, the Company carried out prospection work consisting of till sampling on the property. The samples were analyzed with a handheld XRF spectrometer to locate soil anomalies in base and granophile elements.

During Q1-2020, the Company staked a new block of 40 claims contiguous to the northwest limit the property at a cost of \$900.

During Q2-2020. Thirteen Cu and Zn-mineralized granitic samples collected from the granophile-mineralized Mount Douglas Granite (MDG) were reanalyzed by the peroxide fusion method and showed Sn concentrations 10 to 100 X higher than previously obtained by the 4-acids method. The average concentration now reaches $0.30\pm0.44~SnO_2~\%$, with high values of 0.95, $0.92~and >1.27~SnO_2~\%$ respectively. The entirety of the collected samples from A- Lake will thus be reanalyzed by the peroxide fusion method. Comparison with the major and trace element concentrations of fresh granites and mineralized/altered samples have shown considerable K, Na and Si depletion in altered quartz vein deficient samples. Consequently, the chemical composition of the MGD rocks especially the K/Th and Na/Th ratios are viewed as pathfinder elements of the mineralization. Genius will carry out further field work to find the source of the mineralized float material guided by the mapping of the A-Lake area (Billiton 1983) that discovered several un-sampled greisen veins on mountain tops. A NS-oriented fault or contact expressed by a strong magnetic contrast could be related to the granophile mineralization.

Sakami Property

During Q1-2020 a prospecting campaign which consisted mostly of rock sampling in regions of detected geophysical anomalies was completed on the Sakami Property. A crew of four prospectors and two field geologists spent two weeks prospecting at Sakami and sent 109 rock samples for multi-elements assaying in Val d'Or. Several mineralized zones were identified in association with shear zones and mylonites within basaltic lithologie or in iron formations and metasediments. Some of the best gold assays obtained from grab samples reached 2.55 g/t, 1.79 g/t and 1.11 g/t.

On December 15, 2019 (Q2-2020), the Company completed a 800 linear kilometers helicopter-born MAG-TDEM survey on the northern block of the Sakami Property. The survey detected new magnetic and conductive anomalies. The survey was completed at a total cost of 100,539\$. Following the preliminary results of the survey, Genius Metals staked an additional 14 claims to extend the Sakami property.

CURRENT PROJECTS

Sakami Property (Québec)

On April 5, 2017, Cerro de Pasco Resources Inc. (formerly Genius Properties Ltd.) ("CDPR") has entered into an option agreement with many prospectors to acquire a 100% interest in 128 mining claims of the Sakami Property, located in Québec, by issuing 6,000,000 common shares. On May 26, 2017, CDPR acquired 100% interest by issuing the 6,000,000 common shares at a fair value of \$0.20 per share for a consideration of \$1,200,000. The property straddles the contact between Opinaca and La Grande geological sub-provinces over a distance of 35 km in the James Bay territory. The property is subject to a 2.0% net smelter returns royalty (NSR) on production, of which half (1/2) may be purchased at any time by the Company for \$1,000,000.

The Sakami property, located in the James Bay area of the Province of Quebec, straddles the structural contact between the Opinaca and La Grande Archean subprovinces which exposes a significant number of gold showings related to sulphide-rich quartz veins in iron formations and shear zones. The Sakami property displays diverse lithologies showing signs of alteration and/or gold mineralization (Au =1 to 5 g/t) principally associated with mylonitic or sheared zones.

During the 2017 fall exploration campaign CDPR conducted ground-based PP, EM-VLF and magnetometric surveys along a 34 km grid on the South Block of its Sakami property located in the James Bay area, Quebec. The geophysical surveys were accompanied by the collection of humus and soil samples, the latter to be analyzed for 53 elements using the Mobile Metal Ions (MMI) technology. Several grab samples were also gathered for precious and base metal determination.

Furthermore, significant gold mineralized samples with values greater than 100 ppb occurred in the northeastern Sipanikaw sectors of the property principally in sheared or mylonitized hydrothermally altered (pyritized, sericitized) metavolcanic rocks and in iron formations.

CDPR has filed on Sedar a NI 43-101 technical report for the Sakami Property titled "The Sakami Property, La Grande Subprovince, James Bay Territory, Quebec, NTS 33F07,08,09,10", with an effective date of September 10, 2018. The technical report was independently prepared by Michel Boily, PhD, geo of Montreal, Quebec.

2018-2019 Exploration Program

The objective of the program was to investigate the gold potential of the northern Sakami volcanosedimentary assemblage in relation to the major crustal fault dividing the northern La Grande from the metasedimentary Opinaca subprovinces. The Company conducted magnetic and IP/Resistivity surveys on new and refurbished gridlines in the northern portion of the property. Further detailed mapping and rock sampling were implemented in the sector principally located on the northern shore of Lake Sakami shear/mylonite corridor.

During the Q2-2019, letters were sent to specific members of the Wememdji Community (Chief and the Tallyman) to inform them about the Company's 2019 exploration program in their area.

The geophysical surveys performed on the northern portion of the property unveiled important magnetic anomalies which along with the significant gold assays obtained with the surface prospecting work allowed the Company to establish exploratory drilling targets.

A drilling campaign was planned and budgeted during the 2019 fiscal year. The drilling will consist of 1,000m of core material distributed between 6 or 7 of most promising targets on the property.

During the course of the 2019 fiscal year, the Company abandoned 29 claims on the northern portion of the property. The decision to abandon those claims was justified by their difficult access and by the lack of gold mineralization potential.

During Q1-2020 a prospecting campaign which consisted mostly of rock sampling in regions where the IP and Mag geophysical surveys detected discrete anomalies. A crew of four prospectors and two field geologists spent two weeks prospecting at Sakami and collected 109 rock samples that were sent for multi-elements assaying in Val d'Or.

On December 15, 2019 (Q2-2020), the Company completed a 800 linear kilometers helicopter-born MAG-TDEM survey on the northern block of the Sakami Property. The survey detected new magnetic and conductive anomalies. The survey was completed at a total cost of 100,539\$. Following the preliminary results of the survey, Genius Metals staked an additional 14 claims to extend the Sakami property.

Iserhoff Property (Québec)

On November 2018, the Company purchased a 100% interest in the Iserhoff Property in consideration of the issuance of 500,000 common shares of the Company. The property is subject to a 2% NSR on production, of which half can be bought back for a cash payment of \$1,000,000.

The Iserhoff Property is located in the northern Abitibi Greenstone belt, Quebec in the central and western areas of Bergères Township, about 55 km NNE of Lebel-sur-Quévillion, Québec. The gold property was originally comprised of 29 mining claims totaling 1,621.68 ha or 16.22 km² which were 100% owned by Genius Metals. The property can be accessed by a network of forestry roads some of which join provincial highway 113 connecting Lebel-sur-Quévillion with Chibougamau.

During the month of November 2018 (Q2-2019) the Company staked an additional 22 claims on the property to form a new consolidated block of claims which brings the property to a total of 51 claims.

The property is underlain by highly and multiply deformed Archean intermediate volcanic rocks (andesite-dacite) and metasediments (greywacke) metamorphosed to the amphibolite grade. Iserhoff was acquired in view of the encouraging drilling campaign results obtained by O'Brien Gold Mines Limited showing five short DDH extending for 3.5 km along strike and yielding anomalous gold values at shallow depth (ex: 1.40 g/t @ 8.3 m, 1.24 g/t @ 14.5 m and 1.24 g/t @ 5.9 m) with locally, some associated silver, lead and zinc content. Strong IP anomalies in the central portion of the Iserhoff property are related to narrow (0.5 to 3 m), somewhat discontinuous, bands of massive to semi-massive pyrrhotite and pyrite-rich-rocks which returned low base metal values.

As part of the 2018-2019 exploration campaign, the Company conducted an induced polarization ground-based survey on the Iserhoff Property. The IP survey totaled approximately 26 km.

During the Q2-2019, letters were sent to specific members of the Waswanipi Community (Chief and the Tallyman) to inform about the Company's 2019 exploration program in their area.

During Q1-2020 a prospecting campaign principally consisting of rock sampling in areas where anomalies were geophysical anomalies was completed. A team composed of a geologist and three prospectors devoted a week to explore the property and a total of 16 grab rock samples were sent for gold assaying in Val d'Or.

On December 5, 2019 (Q2-2020), the Company initiated a 1,000m drilling campaign on the Iserhoff property. The 1,000m drilling contract was given to Roby Drilling in Val d'or. A crew composed of 2 camp managers, 1 geologist, 4 drillers and 1 foreman was mobilised on site. The drilling work was performed on a 24h/day 7 days/week schedule. The drill core was logged on site was later sent to Val d'Or for cutting and gold assaying.

Meaghers Gold Property, Nova Scotia

On September, 2017, Genius announced the staking of 243 new mining claims in Nova Scotia covering an area of 39.3 square kilometres adjacent to Atlantic Gold's most developed resource: the Touquoy gold deposit.

The four Atlantic Gold deposits (Atlantic Gold Touquoy Open Pit Mine, Beaver Dam, Fifteen Mile Stream and Cochrane Hills Gold Mines) are associated with a weak aeromagnetic anomaly representing an overturned anticline composed of sedimentary rocks.

Genius staked property contains several gold showings, old exploration works such as the Meaghers Au-As Prospect, several DDH collared for Au-Pb-Zn exploration and two abandoned gold adits. These gold-bearing structures are all in trend with the magnetic anomaly associated with Atlantic Gold's four deposits. This suggests the extension of the gold mineralized zones is probably hidden under a thick overburden and/or forms deeply buried new mineralization.

The Meaghers property is located in South-Central Nova Scotia. It forms part of the Meguma Terrane and is underlain by folded Cambro-Ordovician age sedimentary sequences of the Meguma Group containing the gold prospective Goldenville Formation. The latter is invaded by Mid-Devonian granitoids.

On August 9, 2018, GENI has filed on SEDAR a National Instrument 43-101 ("NI 43-101") technical report for its Meagher Property located in Nova Scotia. The technical report entitled "The Meaghers Property, Halifax County, Nova Scotia Canada, NTS 11D/14D" dated July 21, 2018. The technical report was independently prepared by Michel Boily, PhD, geo of Montreal, Quebec.

2018-2019 Exploration Program

Starting mid-July 2018, GENI began exploration work on Meaghers. The work consisted of prospecting, geological mapping and rock sampling to generate exploration targets on which to focus more detailed work, such as channel sampling, trenching and geophysics. The objective was to evaluate the gold potential of the Goldenville Formation exposed in the Meaghers property near the contact with Atlantic Gold's mining claims.

Over the course of the 2019 fiscal year, the Company abandoned 42 claims which were located on the southwestern portion of the property. The decision to abandon those claims was justified by the presence of a golf club nearby the Company's claim which renders exploration impossible. The Company also performed 'merging operations' with its claims which brought the total of active and effective claims to a total of 100.

Option Agreement

On December 4, 2019, the Company has entered into an option agreement with MegumaGold Corp. ("MGC"), whereby MGC may earn a 70% interest in the Meaghers Property. Under the terms of the agreement the MGC may earn up to a 70% interest in 6 Genius Metals mineral exploration licences totalling 100 claims (1,620 Hectares) by satisfying the following conditions:

- MGC shall issue to Genius Metals on or before December 18, 2019, 250,000 common shares ("NSAU:CNX").; and
- To earn the initial 49.9% interest, MGC shall, on or before June 4, 2021, incur initial exploration expenses made up of ground surveys to pre-drilling targeting work, totalling at least \$100,000;
- To earn an additional 20.1% interest, MGC shall, within 12 months from the latest date of which MGC satisfies its 49.9% first initial earning, incur, a diamond drilling program on the Property, totalling at least \$150,000; and
- Upon MGC fully exercising the option in its entirety to earn 70% of the Meaghers Property, Genius Metals shall have the option to convert its remaining 30% interest into a 2% net smelter royalty ("NSR"), resulting in MGC owning a 100% interest, and Genius Metals owning a 2% NSR on the Meaghers Property. MGC will have an option to acquire 50% of the 2% NSR for \$1.0 million, leaving Genius Metals with a 1.0% NSR.

A Lake Property (New Brunswick)

In 2018, Genius Metals has completed due diligence of the Property involving a review of geological information available and of prior exploration work. A visit to the property was conducted by a qualified geologist who collected various copper mineralized samples from float material obtained by trenching. The samples collected were submitted for precious, base and trace element analysis.

The A-Lake property is located in southern New Brunswick within the Charlotte County, NTS map 21G07. It consists of seven claims containing 118 units covering 28.6 km². The mineralization is found within the Late Devonian Mount Douglas Granite units hosting endogranitic granophile element Sn-, Mo-, Zn-, Bi and U greisen/sheeted veins. The claims are located < 20 km from the W-Mo Mount Pleasant deposit associated with hydrothermally porphyritic granites intruding intracaldera Late Devonian volcanic and sedimentary rocks of the Piskahegan Group.

The property was prospected during the late summer and fall of 2018. A total of 32 mineralized monzogranite rock samples, mostly floats, were recovered from various parts of the property including from one 25 x1 m trench. Assay values reveal 22 samples with significant copper values (0.12-7.96 %), 10 with Pb concentrations > 2600 ppm (0.26-1.43 %) and 11 having Zn values ranging from 0.1 to > 1%. High values of Ag (23-100 ppm), Mo (1990-2880 ppm), W (>200 ppm) are accompanied by anomalous Li, Sn, Bi concentrations as a testimony of the association of the mineralization to the endograntic granophile element type.

At A-lake, the Company interpreted the assay results and began the preparation of exploration work. The Company has also staked a new block of 40 claims contiguous to the northwest limit of the property at a cost of \$900.

During Q3-2019, the Company entered into a services agreement with Geotech to perform a VTEM plus survey on the A-lake property at a cost of \$81,150. Since the Company received a 30,000\$ grant from the NBJMAP to perform the survey, the Company will be credited \$51,150 of work relative to its option agreement with Atlantic Vanadium Corp.

The VTEM survey revealed: a) Magnetic signatures defining different units and contacts in the Mount Douglas Granite (MGD) and probably the presence of a NS-oriented structure (fault?), b) high and anomalous Th, U, K concentrations associated with highly differentiated and commonly mineralized granitic units of the MGD, c) and/or from a silt-rich till cover rich in U, Th and REE-bearing minerals related to a NW-SE glacial dispersion. A prospecting campaign which includes a geochemical till survey will be conducted over the 2020 fiscal year.

During Q1-2020, the Company carried out prospection work consisting of till sampling on the property. The samples were analyzed with a handheld XRF spectrometer to locate soil anomalies in base and granophile elements.

During Q1-2020, the Company staked a new block of 40 claims contiguous to the northwest limit the property at a cost of \$900.

During Q2-2020. Thirteen Cu and Zn-mineralized granitic samples collected from the granophile-mineralized Mount Douglas Granite (MDG) were reanalyzed by the peroxide fusion method and showed Sn concentrations 10 to 100 X higher than previously obtained by the 4-acids method. The average concentration now reaches $0.30\pm0.44~SnO_2~\%$, with high values of 0.95, $0.92~and >1.27~SnO_2~\%$ respectively. The entirety of the collected samples from A- Lake will thus be reanalyzed by the peroxide fusion method. Comparison with the major and trace element concentrations of fresh granites and mineralized/altered samples have shown considerable K, Na and Si depletion in altered quartz vein deficient samples. Consequently, the chemical composition of the MGD rocks especially the K/Th and Na/Th ratios are viewed as pathfinder elements of the mineralization. Genius will carry out further field work to find the source of the mineralized float material guided by the mapping of the A-Lake area (Billiton 1983) that discovered several un-sampled greisen veins on mountain tops. A NS-oriented fault or contact expressed by a strong magnetic contrast could be related to the granophile mineralization.

Mt. Cameron Graphite Project (Nova Scotia)

On October 17, 2016, CDPR has entered into an option agreement with Mt Cameron Minerals Incorporated ("MCM") and 21 Alpha Resources Inc. to acquire an 80% interest in 82 mining claims located in Nova Scotia for the Mt Cameron Graphite Property, by issuing 600,000 common shares, by paying \$175,000 and by incurring \$1,000,000 of exploration expenditures over the next two years. As of December 31, 2016, CDPR paid the amount of \$125.000. The properties are subject to a 3% NSR of which 2.5% may be purchased at any time by the Company for \$2,000,000.

On January 3, 2017 CDPR amended its option agreement with Mt Cameron Minerals Incorporated and 21 Alpha Resources Inc. The amount of cash payment had been reduced to \$125,000 instead of \$175,000 and the number of shares has been increased to 800,000 common shares instead of 600,000 common shares.

The Company has issued 800,000 common shares to 21 Alpha Resources Inc. at a fair value of \$0.20 per share for a consideration of \$160,000.

On March 8, 2018 CDPR amended its option agreement with MCM. The Company has to incur exploration expenditures as follows: \$500,000 on or before December 31, 2018 and \$500,000 on or before December 31, 2019 instead of \$500,000 on or before December 31, 2017 and \$500,000 on or before December 31, 2018. In consideration for the postponement of the deadlines of one year to incur the exploration expenditures, the Company issued 200,000 common shares on April 11, 2018 at a fair value of \$0.16 per share for a consideration of \$32,000 to shareholders of Mt Cameron Minerals Inc.

On November 13, 2018, Genius Metals amended its option agreement with MCM. The Company has to incur exploration expenditures as follows: \$500,000 on or before December 31, 2019 and \$500,000 on or before December 31, 2020. In consideration for the postponement of the deadlines of one year to incur the exploration expenditures, the Company issued 100,000 common shares to shareholders of Mt Cameron Minerals Inc.

The Mt. Cameron Graphite Deposit is located in the Boisdale Hills region of Cape Breton, Nova Scotia, marking a strategic entry into the large flake graphite market. Reports indicated this deposit has the potential of becoming one of the largest graphite mines in the world producing ultra-high purity flake graphite.

The Property is conveniently located 25 kilometers west of Sydney, Nova Scotia and is comprised of 7 licenses (82 claims over 13.3 km²). The property is easily accessible by paved roads and is in close proximity to an electric utility. With the potential construction of NOVAPORT, a deep-water mega-terminal in Sydney, trans-Atlantic shipping would be readily available, Moreover, having an extensive history in steel manufacturing and coal mining, Sydney has a highly skilled workforce to offer.

The mineralization on the Property is represented by flake graphite in marbles of the George River Formation and has been identified along a strike length of approximately 12 km with zones up to 1.5 km wide interpreted to be up to 300 m in depth. Mt. Cameron has carried out prospecting, drilling and geophysics on the Property; all of which indicate an extensive mineralized zone. Preliminary mineral processing studies have been carried out by Dr. Ian Flint, former Director of the Minerals Engineering Center at Dalhousie University in Halifax.

Historical works:

- 2004 As part of a regional reconnaissance exploration program, Mt. Cameron mapped extensive beds and ridges of graphitic marbles and schists of Precambrian (Grenvillian) age on the eastern flank of the Boisdale Hills, some 25 km west of Sydney, Nova Scotia. Preliminary metallurgical work on samples taken during the mapping campaign determined the graphite is of the rare flake form. Average grade of the graphitic marble surface samples was > 4% graphite (Cg):
- 2007 The Province, through the Office of Economic Development and DNR, commissioned a graphite market study to determine market trends and supply / demand worldwide. The study determined the Property had good potential to be one of the largest graphite mines in the world. There are indications this deposit is substantial and has the potential for an annual production as high as 200,000 tonnes of ultra high purity flake graphite and still maintain a 20 year, or longer, mine life:
- 2008 In August 2008, Mt. Cameron initiated an exploration and metallurgical testing program budgeted at \$4 million. Initial results from deep penetrating geophysics, drilling, assaying, bulk sampling, and pilot plant testing at the Mineral Engineering Centre at Dalhousie University met or exceeded expectations;
- 2009 Further metallurgical work determined the flake graphite could be readily separated from the marble by flotation with expected commercial production after refining above 99% graphite. Bench scale metallurgical testing has already achieved a grade of 99.3% from a large bulk sample taken in 2008.

- 2010 A 1,300 m diamond drilling program identified an area west of Campbell Lake where 10 holes intersected up to 40 m of high grade graphitic marble extending about 400 m along strike. This area shows considerable promise for the development of a substantial mining operation.
- 2017- A TDEM heliborne survey was carried out by Prospectair Geosurvey over the property allowing the
 discovery of four important conductive areas located in the northeastern area and associated with
 graphite-mineralized lithologies.

Robelin Property (Québec)

On April 5, 2017, CDPR has entered into an option agreement with 4 prospectors to acquire a 100% interest in 78 mining claims of the Robelin Property, located in Québec, by issuing 6,500,000 common shares. On May 26, 2017, CDPR acquired 100% interest by issuing the 6,500,000 common shares at a fair value of \$0.20 per share for a consideration of \$1,300,000. The Robelin Property is located 85 km East South East from the town of Kuujjuaq. The property is subject to a 2.0% NSR on production, of which half (1/2) may be purchased at any time by the Company for \$1,000,000.

The Robelin property is composed of 78 continuous claims and located in the northwestern Labrador Trough in the Province of Québec. The northern segment of the Labrador Through is subdivided into four lithotectonic zones one of which, the Baby zone, underlies the property. The exposed rocks belong to the second volcanosedimentary cycle within the Baby zone. The property straddles part of the western Gerido and Mélèzes domains of the Baby zone which are separated by the Robelin fault. East of the fault, silicate iron formations, pyritic graphitic shales or sulfide facies iron formations, phyllitic sediments (Baby Fm), minor basalts/sericite schists (Hellancourt Fm) and gabbros (Montagnais Sills) occur in a series of folds and thrusts. Mineralization encountered on the Robelin property is classified into exhalative Zn-Pb-Cu-Ag-bearing massive sulfides in graphitic mudstones.

CDPR has filed on Sedar a NI 43-101 technical report for the Robelin Property titled "The Robelin Property, Northern Labrador Through, Kativik, Koksoak River, Québec, NTS 24F12 and 13", with an effective date of September 3, 2018. The technical report was independently prepared by Michel Boily, PhD, geo of Montreal, Québec.

During the 2019 financial exercise, the Company decided to abandon 46 claims on the property that were not covering the main significant geophysical anomaly. The decision was mostly justified by the distance and the high costs associated with the exploration work in the region. The Company also decided to let remaining claims expire for the same financial reason.

KM 381 Lithium Project

The KM 381 project consists of 29 mining claims totaling 1,621.68 ha or 16.22 km². The project is less than two km east of James Bay Lithium deposit.

The property lies within the Middle and Lower Eastmain River Greenstone Belt on the James Bay Territory (2705-2752 Ma). The GB is composed of Archean volcano-sedimentary assemblages metamorphosed to the amphibolite facies and exposing rocks from komatilitic flows to rhyolites with various sedimentary assemblages present. The Eastmain River Greenstone Belt is overlain by the Auclair Formation paragneiss (Nemiscau and Opinaca basins). Several plutons ranging from tonalitic to monzogranitic compositions intruded the volcanosedimentary rocks (2747-2697 Ma). James Bay Lithium deposit deposit (40.8 Mt @1.40% Li₂0 as Indicated resource) is formed of granitic pegmatite dykes of albite and spodumene. These pegmatites are classified under the rare earth elements (Li-Cs-Ta) type. They form a local group of dykes intruted in paragneiss of the Auclair Formation.

During Q-3 2019, the Company contacted Galaxy Lithium, which holds a world-class lithium deposit neighbouring the Company's claim at Km 381 in order to enquire about a possible joint-venture deal to conduct advancement work on the property. Negotiations have not yet begun between the two companies.

Dissimieux Lake

On March 21, 2016 and amended on May 4, 2016, CDPR has entered into an option agreement with Jourdan Resources Inc., to acquire a 100% interest in 15 mining claims located within Dissimieux Lake Phosphate Titanium-REE's property, province of Québec, by issuing 1,200,000 common shares within 15 days following the date of the signature and a number of common shares equivalent to an amount of \$180,000 within 90 days following the signature. On April 5, 2016, CDPR issued 1,200,000 common shares at a fair value of \$0.25 per share for a consideration of \$300,000. On June 20, 2016 CDPR fulfilled its obligations by issuing 720,000 common shares at a fair value of \$0.175 (value of \$0.25 as per the agreement for \$180,000) per share for a consideration of \$126,000.

The Project consists of 15 claims covering 8.4 km², and is accessible via Provincial Highway #138 from Forestville, then driving northward on Highway #385 to Labrieville, and from there using a network of secondary gravel forestry roads to reach the east-southeast shore of Dissimieux Lake. The Property hosts titanium-phosphate (ilmenite-apatite) mineralization located near the southern margin of the La Blache Anorthositic Complex (the "LBAC"). The LBAC is elongated in a northeast-southwest direction and is 15 to 25 km wide over 60 km. It was emplaced into a highly metamorphosed and folded package of steeply dipping, N-NE dipping paragneiss and amphibolites of the Grenville Geological Province. The Property is dominated by steep hills, with elevations ranging from 435 m to 700 m above sea level.

These claims are in good standing and remain an integral part of the assets of the Company.

Blockhouse Gold and other (Nova Scotia)

On May 4, 2016, CDPR has entered into an option agreement with two prospectors, to acquire a 100% interest in 107 mining claims, in nine exploration properties, located in Nova Scotia by issuing 1,000,000 common shares (500,000 common shares for each prospector). In addition, the Company will issue 100,000 common shares common shares for each \$1,000,000 in exploration and evaluation expenditures incurred by the Company, subject to a maximum of 500,000 common shares. An additional 500,000 common shares will be issued if the Company completes a Feasibility Study.

Nova Scotia properties originally consisted of the following: Blockhouse Gold NS, Dares Lake NS, Kemptville NS, Chocolate Lake NS and Gold River NS. The properties are subject to a 1.5% NSR of which two-thirds (2/3) may be purchased at any time by the Company for \$1,000,000. The majority of the Property lies within NTS area 21A and the land package includes 14 licenses comprised of 107 claims covering approximately 1,733 hectares (17.33 km²).

There are several documented gold bearing veins on the Blockhouse Property, most notably the Prest Vein that saw limited underground (narrow vein) production in the late 1800s up until the early 1930s. This property was revisited in the 1980s when 10 diamond drill holes were completed, testing near surface potential of the property. The drill results and historical mining results are documented in a 1989 drill summary report by James E. Tilsley & Associates Ltd. (filed as an assessment report AR 89-105 with the Nova Scotia DNR) where it is reported that 3,500 ounces of gold was recovered from 6,200 tons of mined and milled material from underground workings between the surface and 90 meters depth. It is further reported that most of the gold was recovered from the fissure vein that was within a very dark arenaceous slate horizon, they refer to this production area as the "Prest Shoot". Historical records on file with Nova Scotia Department of Natural Resources indicate that the Prest Shoot accounted for 2.043 tons of mill feed between 1896 and 1935, yielding 3,259 ounces of gold for an average grade of 1.59 ounces per ton (49.6 q/t). The width of the Prest Vein within the historically mined shoot is reported to average 0.25 meters (range of 0.15 to 0.61 m) and the wall rock where sampled is reported to average 0.085 ounces per ton (2.9 g/t), however there was insufficient sample data to determine how extensive the gold mineralization is within the host wall rock. Underground mapping and sampling of the 60-metre level occurred in the late 1930s, the Prest Shoot as described was traced for 138 metres in the north drift and averaged 0.35 metres in width with an average gold content of 0.37 ounces per ton.

There are also three other saddle type veins within the Blockhouse property, the Thompson Vein, the Centre Vein and the East Vein (aka Laxer vein). Samples of the Thompson and East vein have reportedly assayed in

the order of 0.02 to 0.5 ounces per ton, the Centre vein has yet to be reported to contain gold. There was no underground work reported on these three veins.

The Blockhouse Property (and the nearby Dares Lake Property) are underlain by metasedimentary rocks of the Meguma Series, the Goldenville Group (formerly Formation) is composed of arkosic quartzites and interbedded shales, it in turn is overlain by the Halifax Group (formerly Formation) that consists of a series of slates and shales, with a predominance of quartzite near the base.

On Blockhouse, the property is composed of a system of mineralized veins, the property consists of many claim blocks, one of which covers the Prest Vein. During the fiscal year 2019, the Company chose to abandon 14 of the 49 claims which are located the farthest from the Prest Vein and were historically deemed exploration/secondary targets. The Company kept a core of 35 claims in good standing.

QUALIFIED PERSONS

Dr. Michel Boily P.Geo, is the qualified person under NI 43-101 who has reviewed and approved the technical information contained in this document.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Functional and presentation currency

These selected annual financial information, selected quarterly financial information and other financial information are presented in Canadian dollars, the Company's functional currency.

IFRS Accounting policies

The Company's significant accounting policies under IFRS are disclosed in Note 4 in the audited annual financial statements for the year ended July 31, 2019.

Use of estimates and judgements

Please refer to Note 3.4 of the audited annual financial statements for the year ended July 31, 2019 for an extended description of the information concerning the Company's significant judgments, estimates and assumptions that have the most significant effect on the recognition and measurement of assets, liabilities, income and expenses.

New standards and interpretations that have not yet been adopted

The information is provided in Note 4.1 of the condensed interim financial statements for the three-month and six-month periods ended January 31, 2020.

Asset Transfer Agreement

The information is provided in Note 5 of the audited annual financial statements for the year ended July 31, 2019.

Dividends

Since its incorporation, the Company has not paid any cash dividends on its outstanding common shares. Any future dividend payment will depend on the Company's financial needs to fund its exploration programs and its future growth, and any other factor that the Board may deem necessary to consider. It is highly unlikely that any dividends will be paid in the near future.

SELECTED QUARTERLY FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Genius Metals anticipates that the quarterly and annual results of operations will primarily be impacted for the near future by several factors, including the timing and efforts of the exploration's expenditures and efforts related to the development of the Company. Due to these fluctuations, the Company believes that the quarter to quarter and the year-to-year comparisons of the operating results may not be a good indication of its future performance.

The following selected quarterly financial information is derived from our unaudited condensed interim financial statements.

GENIUS METALS INC.

SELECTED QUARTERLY FINANCIAL INFORMATION						
		2020				2019
	Q2	Q1	Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
STATEMENTS OF LOSS AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS						
General and administrative expenses:						
Salaries and employee benefit expense	52,231	41,754	50,609	41,319	38,012	9,000
Management and consulting fees	39,253	39,529	24,375	51,190	45,961	34,080
Travel and promotion	17,877	2,268	3,927	68,347	17,636	8,345
Registration, listing fees and shareholders information	18,285	5,949	5,107	13,634	8,910	10,575
Professional fees	56,132	37,538	854	(10,075)	210,903	83,551
Supplies and office expenses	10,082	9,424	14,784	25,271	14,500	2,041
Part XII.6 tax and other non-compliance penalty	92	944	4,984	-	-	-
Writedown of mining properties	-	-	1,029,780	57,014	-	-
Writedown of exploration and evaluation assets	-	-	100,918	12,018	-	-
Share-based compensation	-	-	13,890	175,401	-	-
Depreciation of equipment	453	453	453	438	282	151
	194,405	137,859	1,249,681	434,557	336,204	147,743
Other (revenues) expenses:	,	,	1,= 10,00	,	,	,
(Gain) loss on settlement of trade accounts payable and other liabilities	(35,937)	_	(24,782)	-	(15,941)	17.390
Write-off of payables	(12,730)	_	(= :,: ==)	_	-	-
Finance expense	1,005	690	240	294	743	197
Change in fair value of marketable securities	1,875	-	240	204	7-10	-
Exchange loss	1,075		2	238		
Exchange loss	(45,774)	690	(24,540)	532	(15,198)	17,587
	(45,774)	690	(24,540)	332	(15,196)	17,567
Income tax recovery	(77,375)	(27,968)	(73,606)	-	(17,613)	(12,168)
Net loss and comprehensive loss	71,256	110,581	1,151,535	435,089	303,393	153,162
Basic and diluted loss per share:	0.00	0.01	0.07	0.03	0.02	0.04
		2020				2019
	Q2	Q1	Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION						
Cash and cash equivalents	189,592	127,109	127,109	264,449	449,670	759,266
Mining properties	1,434,267	1,447,566	1,398,472	2,417,252	2,480,196	2,283,471
Exploration and evaluation assets	913,140	673,583	576,523	580,211	448,612	320,688
Total assets	2,637,213	2,195,580	2,138,720	3,329,771	3,540,578	3,387,592
Equity	2,162,929	1,401,347	1,506,928	2,782,909	2,992,277	2,875,563
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The net loss and comprehensive loss of \$1,151,535 for Q4-2019 is attributable to a significant writedown of mining properties of \$1,086,794 and a writedown of exploration and evaluation assets of \$112,936.

The net loss and comprehensive loss of \$435,089 for Q3-2019 is mainly attributable to the grant of 1,250,000 share options to directors, officers, members of the technical committee, consultants and an employee which the fair value was estimated at \$175,401.

The net loss and comprehensive loss of \$303,393 for Q2-2019 is mainly attributable to a substantial \$210,903 of professional fees in general and administrative expenses. This amount of \$210,903 consists mainly of Genius Metals' share of the legal and accounting expenses incurred by Cerro de Pasco in carrying

out the Asset Transfer Agreement (See Note 5 in the condensed interim financial statements for the three-month and six-month periods ended January 31, 2019).

The net loss and comprehensive loss of \$153,162 for Q1-2019 is mostly attributable to a substantial amount of \$83,551 of professional fees in general and administrative expenses due to intensive and final work on the Asset Transfer Agreement.

Results of operations for the three-month period ended January 31, 2020

Net loss and comprehensive loss

The basic and diluted loss per share for the three-month period ended January 31, 2020 is \$0.00 as compared to \$0.02 for the three-month period ended January 31, 2019.

During the three-month period ended January 31, 2020, the Company realized a net loss and comprehensive loss of \$71,256 as compared to a net loss and comprehensive loss of \$303,393 for the three-month period ended January 31, 2019. The decrease of \$232,137 in net loss and comprehensive loss is mostly attributable to a decrease of \$154,771 in professional fees (\$56,132 for Q2-2020 compared to \$210,903 for Q2-2019).

General and administrative expenses

During the three-month period ended January 31, 2020, general and administrative expenses were \$194,405 as compared to \$336.204 for the three-month period ended January 31, 2019. The decrease of \$141,799 in general and administrative expenses is mostly attributable to a decrease of \$154,771 in professional fees (\$56,132 for Q2-2020 compared to \$210,903 for Q2-2019).

Other expenses (revenues)

During the three-month period ended January 31, 2020, the other revenues were \$45,774 as compared to other revenues of \$15,198 for the three-month period ended January 31, 2019. The increase of \$30,576 in other revenues is attributable to an increase of \$19,996 in gain on settlement of trade accounts payable and other liabilities (\$35,937 for Q2-2020 as compared to \$15,941 for Q2-2019) combined with an increase of \$12,730 in write-off of payables (\$12,730 for Q2-2020 as compared to \$Nil for Q2-2019).

Results of operations for the six-month period ended January 31, 2020

Net loss and comprehensive loss

The basic and diluted loss per share for the six-month period ended January 31, 2020 is \$0.01 as compared to \$0.05 for the six-month period ended January 31, 2019.

During the six-month period ended January 31, 2020, the Company realized a net loss and comprehensive loss of \$181,837 as compared to a net loss and comprehensive loss of \$456,555 for the six-month period ended January 31, 2019. The decrease of \$274,718 in net loss and comprehensive loss is mostly attributable to a decrease of \$151,683 in general and administrative expenses (\$332,264 for the six-month period ended January 31, 2020 compared to \$483,947 for the six-month period ended January 31, 2019) combined with an increase of \$75,562 in income tax recovery (\$105,343 for the six-month period ended January 31, 2020 compared to \$29,781 for the six-month period ended January 31, 2019).

General and administrative expenses

During the six-month period ended January 31, 2020, general and administrative expenses were \$332,264 as compared to \$483.947 for the six-month period ended January 31, 2019. The decrease of \$151,683 in general and administrative expenses is mostly attributable to a decrease of \$200,784 in professional fees

(\$93,670 for the six-month period ended January 31, 2020 compared to \$294,454 for the six-month period ended January 31, 2019).

Other expenses

During the six-month period ended January 31, 2020, the other revenues were \$45,084 as compared to other expenses of \$2,389 for the six-month period ended January 31, 2020.

The increase of \$47,473 in other revenues is attributable to an increase of \$37,386 in gain on settlement of trade accounts payable and other liabilities (gain of \$35,937 for the six-month period ended January 31, 2020 compared to a loss of \$1,449 for the six-month period ended January 31, 2019) combined with an increase of \$12,730 in write-off of payables (\$12,730 for the six-month period ended January 31, 2020 as compared to \$Nil for the six-month period ended January 31, 2019).

CASH FLOWS

Cash flows used for operating activities

Cash flows used for operating activities were \$329,895 during the six-month period ended January 31, 2020, a decrease of \$109,152 as compared to cash flows of \$439,047 used for operating activities during the six-month period ended January 31, 2019. The decrease of \$109,152 is mostly attributable to a decrease of \$164,118 in cash flows used for operating activities before changes in working capital items (\$320,336 for the six-month period ended January 31, 2020 as compared to \$484,454 for the six-month period ended January 31, 2019).

Cash flows from financing activities

Cash flows from financing activities were \$764,403 during the six-month period ended January 31, 2020, a decrease of \$355,376 as compared to cash flows of \$1,119,779 from financing activities during the six-month period ended January 31, 2019. The decrease of \$355,376 is mostly attributable to the proceeds from private placements of \$775,500 raised during the six-month period ended January 31, 2020 as compared to proceeds from private placements of \$1,160,642 raised during the six-month period ended January 31, 2019.

Cash flows used for investing activities

Cash flows used for investing activities were \$372,025 during the six-month period ended January 31, 2020, an increase of \$137,099 as compared to cash flows of \$231,062 used for investing activities during the six-month period ended January 31, 2019. The investing activities consist of the acquisition of mining properties and exploration and evaluation assets.

OTHER FINANCIAL DISCLOSURES

Related party transactions

Please refer to Note 9 and 13 of the condensed interim financial statements for the three-month and six-month periods ended January 31, 2020, for a summary of the Company's transactions with related parties period end balances.

Contingency

Governmental laws and regulations regarding environmental protection regulate the Company's operations. The environmental consequences are not easily identifiable, either in terms of results, the impacts or the expiration date. Currently, and to the best knowledge of its management, the Company is in conformity with current laws and regulations.

Subsequent events

Please refer to Note 17 of the condensed interim financial statements for the three-month and six-month periods ended January 31, 2020, for a summary of the Company's subsequent events.

Off-financial position arrangements

As at January 31, 2020, the Company has no off-financial position arrangements.

Going concern assumption

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on the basis of the on going concern assumption meaning the Company will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. In assessing whether the going concern assumption is appropriate, management takes into account all available information about the future, which is at least, but not limited to, 12 months from the end of the reporting period.

Management is aware, in making its assessment, of material uncertainties related to events and conditions that may cast a significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and, accordingly, the appropriateness of the use of accounting principles applicable to a going concern. These financial statements do not reflect the adjustments to the carrying values of assets and liabilities, expenses and financial position classifications that would be necessary if the going concern assumption was not appropriate. These adjustments could be material.

For the six-month period ended January 31, 2020, the Company recorded a net loss of \$181,837 and has an accumulated deficit of \$2,225,016 as at January 31, 2020. Besides the usual needs for working capital, the Company must obtain funds to enable it to meet the timelines of its exploration programs and to pay its overhead and administrative costs. As at January 31, 2020, the Company had a negative working capital of \$191,248 (a negative working capital of \$475,743 as at July 31, 2019) consisting of cash and cash equivalents of \$189,592 (\$127,109 in cash and cash equivalents as at July 31, 2019). Management believes that these funds will not be sufficient to meet the obligations and liabilities of the Company. These uncertainties cast significant doubt regarding the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Any funding shortfall may be met in the future in a number of ways, including but not limited to, the issuance of new equity instruments. Given that the Company has not yet determined whether its mineral properties contain mineral deposits that are economically recoverable, the Company has not yet generated income nor cash flows from its operations. The recovery of the cost of exploration and evaluation assets as well as other tangible and intangible assets, is subject to certain conditions: the discovery of economically recoverable reserves, the ability of the Company to obtain the necessary financing to continue the exploration, evaluation, development, construction and ultimately disposal of these assets. During the six-month period ended January 31, 2020, the Company has raised \$775,500 from private placements consisting of common shares and flow-through shares to fund exploration works and working capital. There is no assurance that it will succeed in obtaining additional financing in the future.

Capital management

The Company considers the items included in equity as capital component.

The Company's capital management objectives are:

- to ensure the Company's ability to continue as a going concern;
- to increase the value of the assets of the business; and
- to provide an adequate return to shareholders of the Company.

These objectives will be achieved by identifying the right exploration projects, adding value to these projects and ultimately taking them through to production or sale and cash flow, either with partners or by the Company's own means.

The Company monitors capital on the basis of the carrying amount of equity. Capital for the reporting periods are presented in the statement of changes in equity.

The Company is not exposed to any externally imposed capital requirements except when the Company issues flow-through shares for which the amount should be used for exploration work. As at January 31, 2020, the Company has the obligation to incur \$384,643 in exploration expenditures no later than December 31, 2020 in order to comply with the requirements of flow-through private placement concluded in November and December 2019.

The Company sets the amount of capital in proportion to its overall financing structure, i.e. equity and financial liabilities. The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. The Company finances its exploration and evaluation activities principally by raising additional capital either through private placements or public offerings. When financing conditions are not optimal, the Company may enter into option agreements or other solutions to continue its exploration and evaluation activities or may slow its activities until conditions improve. No changes were made in the objectives, policies and processes for managing capital during the reporting periods.

	January 31	July 31
	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Equity	2,162,929	1,506,928
	2,162,929	1,506,928

Disclosure of Outstanding share data

The following selected financial information is derived from our unaudited financial statements.

GENIUS METALS INC.

Disclosure of outstanding share data (as at March 27, 2020)

Outstanding common shares:		19,525,836		
Outstanding share options:		1,450,000		
Average exercise price of:		\$0.250		
Average remaining life of:		3.69 ye	ars	
	Expiry date	Number	Exercise price	Remaining
	Expiry dute	Number	\$	(years
April 1, 2020		100,000	0.25	0.01
March 6, 2024		1,025,000	0.25	3.94
March 23, 2024		225,000	0.25	3.99
May 18, 2024		100,000	0.25	4.14
	_	1,450,000		
Outstanding warrants:		2,370,000		
Average exercise price of:		\$0.300		
Average remaining life of:		1.17 ye	ars	
			Exercise	Remaining
	Expiry date	Number	price	life
			\$	(years)
May 22, 2021		1,940,000	0.30	1.15
June 30, 2021		250,000	0.30	1.26
July 1st, 2021		180,000	0.30	1.26
		2,370,000		

RISK AND UNCERTAINTIES

An investment in the common shares of the GENI should be considered highly speculative. Genius Metals Inc. is subject to a variety of risks, some of which are described below. If any of the following risks occur, the business, results of operations or financial condition could be adversely affected in a material manner.

Financial instrument risks

Please refer to Note 16 of the condensed interim financial statements for the three-month and six-month periods ended January 31, 2020 for a summary of the Company's financial instruments risks.

COVID-19

The COVID-19 pandemic is causing significant financial market and social dislocation. The situation is dynamic with various cities and countries around the world responding in different ways to address the outbreak. The Company continues to monitor the financial markets, its ability to finance itself and assess the impact COVID-19 will have on its business activities. The extent of the effect of the COVID-19 pandemic on the Company is uncertain.

Exploration and mining risks

The Company is engaged in the business of acquiring and exploring mineral properties in the hope of locating economic deposits of minerals. The Company's property interests are in the exploration and evaluation stage only. The business of mineral exploration involves a high degree of risk. Few properties that are explored are ultimately developed into production. Currently, there are no known bodies of commercial ore on the mineral properties of which the Company owns an interest. Accordingly, there is little likelihood that the Company will realize any profits in the short to medium term. Any profitability in the future from the Company's business will be dependent upon locating an economic deposit of minerals. However, there can be no assurance, even if an economic deposit of minerals is located, that it can be commercially mined.

Unusual or unexpected formations, fires, power outages, labour disruptions, flooding, cave-ins, landslides and the inability to obtain suitable or adequate machinery, equipment or labour are other risks involved in the conduct of exploration programs.

The economics of developing mineral properties is affected by many factors including the cost of operations, variation of the grade of ore mined and fluctuations in the price of any minerals produced. There are no underground or surface plants or equipment on the Company's mineral properties, nor any known body of commercial ore. Programs conducted on the Company's mineral property would be an exploratory search for ore.

Titles to property

While the Company has diligently investigated title to the various properties in which it has interest, and to the best of its knowledge, title to those properties are in good standing, this should not be construed as a guarantee of title. The properties may be subject to prior unregistered agreements or transfer, or native or government land claims, and title may be affected by undetected defects.

Permits and licenses

The Company's operations may require licenses and permits from various governmental authorities. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to obtain all necessary licenses and permits that may be required to carry out exploration, development and mining operations at its projects.

Metal prices

Even if the Company's exploration programs are successful, factors beyond the control of the Company may affect marketability of any minerals discovered. Metal prices have historically fluctuated widely and are affected by numerous factors beyond the Company's control, including international, economic and political trends, expectations for inflation, currency exchange fluctuations, interest rates, global or regional consumption patterns, speculative activities and worldwide production levels. The effect of these factors cannot accurately be predicted.

Competition

The mining industry is intensely competitive in all its phases. The Company competes with many companies possessing greater financial resources and technical facilities than itself for the acquisition of mineral interests as well as for recruitment and retention of qualified employees.

Environmental regulations

The Company's operations are subject to environmental regulations promulgated by government agencies from time to time. Environmental legislation provides for restrictions and prohibitions of spills, release or emission of various substances produced in association with certain mining industry operations, such as seepage from tailing disposal areas, which could result in environmental pollution. A breach of such legislation may result in imposition of fines and penalties. In addition, certain types of operations require submissions to and approval of environmental impact assessments. Environmental legislation is evolving in a manner which means stricter standards and enforcement, fines and penalties for non-compliance are more stringent. Environmental assessments of proposed projects carry a heightened degree of responsibility for companies and directors, officers and employees. The cost of compliance with changes in governmental regulations has a potential to reduce the profitability of operations. The Company intends to fully comply with all environmental regulations.

Conflicts of interest

Certain directors or proposed directors of the Company are also directors, officers or shareholders of other companies that are similarly engaged in the business of acquiring, developing and exploiting natural resource properties. Such associations may give rise to conflicts of interest from time to time. The directors of the Company are required by law to act honestly and in good faith with a view to the best interests of the Company and to disclose any interest which they may have in any project or opportunity of the Company. If a conflict of interest arises at a meeting of the board of directors, any director in a conflict will disclose his interest and abstain from voting on such matter. In determining whether or not the Company will participate in any project or opportunity, the directors will primarily consider the degree of risk to which the Company may be exposed and its financial position at that time.

Stage of development

The Company's properties are in the exploration stage and to date none of them have a proven ore body. The Company does not have a history of earnings or providing a return on investment, and in future, there is no assurance that it will produce revenue, operate profitably or provide a return on investment.

Industry conditions

Mining and milling operations are subject to government regulations. Operations may be affected in varying degrees by government regulations such as restrictions on production, price controls, tax increases, expropriation of property, pollution controls or changes in conditions under which minerals may be mined, milled or marketed. The marketability of minerals may be affected by numerous factors beyond the control of the Company, such as government regulations. The effect of these factors cannot be accurately determined.

Uninsured risks

The Company's business is subject to a number of risks and hazards, including environmental conditions adverse, environmental regulations, political uncertainties, industrial accidents, labour disputes, unusual or unexpected geological conditions, ground or slope failures, cave-ins, and natural phenomena such as inclement weather conditions, floods and earthquakes. Such occurrences could result in damage to mineral properties or production facilities, personal injury or death, environmental damage to the Company's properties or the properties of others, delays in mining, monetary losses and possible legal liability.

Capital needs

The exploration and evaluation, development, mining and processing of the Company's properties may require substantial additional financing. The only current source of future funds available to the Company is the sale of additional equity capital and the borrowings of funds. There is no assurance that such funding will be available to the Company or that it will be obtained on terms favourable to the Company or will provide the Company with sufficient funds to meet its objectives, which may adversely affect the Company's business and financial position.

In addition, any future equity financings by the Company may result in a substantial dilution of the existing shareholders. Failure to obtain sufficient financing may result in delaying or indefinite postponement of further exploration and evaluation, development or production on any or all of the Company's properties or even a loss of property interest.

Key employees

Management of the Company rests on a few key officers and members of the Board of Directors, the loss of any of whom could have a detrimental effect on its operations. The development of the Company's business is and will continue to be dependent on its ability to attract and retain highly qualified management and mining personnel. The Company faces competition for personnel from other employers.

Canada Customs and Revenue Agency

No assurance can be made that Canada Customs and Revenue Agency will agree with the Company's characterization of expenditures as Canadian exploration expenses or Canadian development expenses or the eligibility of such expenses as Canadian exploration expenses under the *Income Tax Act* (Canada).

CERTIFICATION OF INTERIM FILINGS

The President and Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer have signed the Basic Certifications of Interim Filings as required by National Instrument 52-109 for venture issuer, thus confirming, the review, the absence of misrepresentations and the fair presentation of the interim filings.

- The President and Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer confirm to have reviewed
 the interim financial report and the interim MD&A (together, the "interim filings") of the Company for
 the three-month period ended January 31, 2020.
- Based on their knowledge, having exercised reasonable diligence, the President and Chief Executive
 Officer and the Chief Financial Officer confirm that the interim filings do not contain any untrue
 statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated or that is necessary
 to make a statement not misleading in light of the circumstances under which it was made, for the
 period covered by the interim filings.
- Based on their knowledge, having exercised reasonable diligence, the President and Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer confirm that the interim financial statements together with the other financial information included in the interim filings fairly present in all material respects the

financial condition, financial performance and cash flows of the issuer, as of the date of and for the period presented in the interim filings.